THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,

A Democratic Family Journal,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,

BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JULY 16, 1866. 48TH YEAR.—NO. 42.

Professional Cards.

Drs. A. B. Dill & B. F. Herman

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Petersburg and vicinity.

Petersburg, Y. S., July 2, 1866.

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his profession and duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough,

HAMPTON, Adams county, Pa., renews his offer of professional services to the public, and those requiring medical and surgical aid will find it to their interest to consult him. [May 21, 1866. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. A. Armstrong,

HAVING removed from New Salem, York county, and having located at Middletown, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. [July 31, '65. 1y

Doctor C. W. Benson,

OFFICE at the Railroad House, (front room, formerly occupied by Dr. Kinzer,) LITTLESTOWN, PA.

June 19, 1865. tf

Dr. J. E. Ensor,

HAVING located on the Hanover road, ONE MILE EAST OF GRANITE HILL P. O., Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., offers his professional services to the public.

June 18, 1866. 3m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stœver.

QUIET.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store

Gettysburg, March 20.

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT.

HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Washington Hotel,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the above Hotel, and will strive to keep it as a No. 1 House.

His table will be abundantly supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and his bar with the choicest liquors and wines. The stabling is large and commodious. He hopes by strict attention to merit a portion of the public's patronage. ISAAC B. HOUSER.

April 16, 1866. 3m

ALL kinds of PICTURES, large and small, neatly and correctly copied at the Excelsior. I. G. TYSON.

THEY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 25, 1864.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best London Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO. have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call. ☞Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

Fresh Supply.

NEW GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES!—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.

April 2, 1866.

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,

CABINET FURNITURE,

which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish Coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.

Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange. PETER BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa

June 12, 1865. 1y

Hanover B. Railroad.

TIME TABLE.—On and after Friday, Nov. 24th, 1865, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN, (which makes connection with three trains on the Northern Central Railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations.

☞This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 2 20 P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg, and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 9 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

Dec. 18, 1865.

Cumberland Coal!

A LARGE supply of superior

BLACKSMITH COAL,

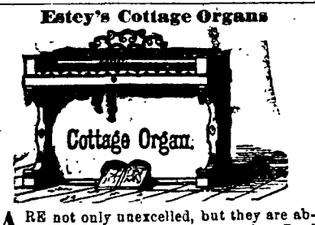
now on hand at reduced price. This Coal is superior to all other Coal in the United States for welding and other blacksmith purposes.

For sale by P. H. PYFER,

City Coal Yard, Frederick city, Md.

June 19, 1865. 1y*

Estey's Cottage Organs



ARE not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled*, by any other Reed Instrument in the country. Designed expressly for Churches and Schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room. For sale only by

E. M. BRUCE,

No. 18 North Seventh St., Philadelphia.

☞Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY and VARIETIES,

No. 308 West Baltimore Street,

Between Howard & Liberty Streets,

May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style.—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have constantly on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and pic-nics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER

can always be had icy and cool and at all hours.

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.

May 21, 1866. tf MINNICH & BRO.

Soluble Pacific Guano.

200 LBS. SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO contains 70 lbs. *animal matter*, yielding 7 to 8 lbs. *ammonia.*

Also 80 to 90 lbs. *earthy bone Phosphate of lime*, 30 lbs. of which are *soluble phosphate.*

It combines all the advantages of the *best brands* of Super Phosphate, with those of Peruvian Guano.

By reason of its greater *concentration*, we recommend 20 per ct. less by weight to be used per acre, than of any fertiliser costing the same per ton; and no more per acre than of those selling at 20 per ct. more per ton.—Hence *its economy.*

This guano weighs 65 lbs. per bushel, hence in applying it farmers must be governed by weight and not by bulk, for it is much lighter than the Super Phosphates. *Every cargo duly inspected.*

JOHN S. REESE & CO,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,

71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

"Flour of Bone."

WE will give a *money* guarantee of the *purity* of this article. It is pure *unsteamed, unburnt bone*, reduced to the *fineness* of *flour*, which adds 100 per ct. to its value. It is as *quick* and *active* as acid *dissolved bone*, hence its value is vastly greater, because it contains neither acid nor water, which necessarily add weight, and reduce the quantity of valuable elements. We recommend 250 lbs. to be used in place of 300 lbs. Super Phosphate or dissolved bone.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,

71 *South Street, Baltimore*

☞McCurdy & Diehl, Agents, Gettysburg.

Mar. 12, 1866. 8m

MORO PHILLIPS'

Genuine Improved

Super-Phosphate OF Lime.

STANDARD GUARANTEED.

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots,

27 *North Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

95 *South Street, Baltimore, Md.*

And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The Material of which MORO PHILLIPS' PHOSPHATE is manufactured contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The ammonia present gives it great additional fertilizing value.

Five years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting.

MORO PHILLIPS,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞Price $56 per ton—2000 pounds. Discount to dealers.

Feb. 12, 1866. tf

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.
MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,988—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougles, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,

127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.

April 23, 1866. 1y

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

For Sale.

A GOOD SECOND HAND MOWING MACHINE will be sold cheap by SAMUEL HERBST.

June 25, 1866.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.

Selected Poetry.

Written for the Gettysburg Compiler.

SUMMER.

BY AMOS A. ROTH.

Birds from every tree are singing,
Making music to the heart,
Flowers their perfumes 'round are flinging,
Willing thus to do their part.

Fruit from out the green leaves peeping,
Joins to make the scene most fair,
Brooklets gaily onward leaping,
Making music sweet and rare.

Dewdrops glist'ning in the sunshine,
Like the gems of fairy queens,
Lilies fair are waving supine,
In the lakelet's shining sheens.

Fields of waving grain are sighing
In the summer's gentle breeze,
Panting herds around are lying,
'Neath the shade of spreading trees.

Soul entrancings, joy enhancing,
Nature here has done her part,
Ne'er such scenes of beauty glancing
On the weary toils of art.

Few can love her glades and meadows,
Few but nature's noblemen,
Born and bred within her shadows,
Nature's beauties thus can ken.

Gettysburg.

Agricultural & Domestic.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

MANURING AND LIMING.

The life of a farmer, and especially of one who makes his livelihood through the products of the soil he cultivates, is one of almost constant labor, and if, when in summing up the fruits of his year's toil, he finds but a mere pittance left after he shall have provided for his own wants, who or what is he to blame? Certainly not the soil, since this (with the exception of a few places) would yield abundantly if properly cultivated. Therefore he must account for it himself, and how will he do this?

Let us take an example. Suppose a man purchases a farm of moderate size, say 80 acres, and for which he pays $60 per acre, making the cost of his farm $4,800. After paying his expenses and providing for his family, he finds he has saved but $300 from the products. The farm has been badly worked, little or no manure, lime or other fertilizer applied, the former owner having sold all the hay and straw he could possibly spare from his stock.

Then let the new-comer keep all the hay and straw he gets off the farm, and from the woods gather all the leaves he can, (the more the better,) and with all make as much thoroughly rotted manure as it is possible to do. Let him take the half of his $300, or as much as he can spare from contingent expenses, for this he can possibly buy about 2000 bushels of lime; putting 60 bushels to the acre, (it does not do well to lime too heavily in the beginning,) and with the addition of his manure, he will be able to give about the one half of his farm a good dressing; then with good, regular ploughing, say 7 or 8 inches deep, thorough pulverizing of the soil, and finally a proper care in putting out his crops, he will find that the soil unused to such liberality will yield very well, considering its yield before, probably giving him a net return of $500. Let him pursue the same plan the next year, and give the other half of his farm a similar dressing, and he will probably clear $700; thus owning a good producing farm, clearing from $700 to $1000 per year, as the season may permit; and he will be able to pay for his farm in 8 or 9 years, and live like a noble-hearted tiller of the soil should.

I have given this example with the figures attached, that any one reading this and owning such a farm, may take heart and persevere, resting assured that old mother earth will well repay his efforts.

Gettysburg. A. A. R.

HOW TO MAKE GOOD BUTTER.

A lady experienced in making butter says: Before I go to milk, I put a kettle, say one-third full of water, and large enough to let the milk-pail into it, on the stove, where it will get boiling hot by the time I come with the milk. I then strain the milk into another vessel, and wash the pail (which should always be of tin), then pour the milk back into the pail and set it into the kettle of boiling water till the milk becomes scalding hot, taking care not to let it boil; then pour it into pans and set it away in the cellar for the cream to rise in the usual way. Cream produced in this way will seldom require more than twenty minutes to churn, while by common practice the dairy-maid may often churn for hours, and then, perhaps, have to throw it away, as I did before I became acquainted with the Russian plan, the essential features of which I have adopted in my present mode, as given above. The method is applicable to all seasons—summer as well as winter.

HOW TO DETERMINE WHERE WATER IS.

At a recent meeting of the American Institute Farmer's Club, a member related his experience in this matter, viz: "An Irishman in his employment, in order to ascertain where he ought to dig to obtain water soonest, got a stone and buried it over night in the ground, next to the hard pan. In the morning he found it quite moist, but not sufficiently to suit his fancy. Next night he tried it in another spot and it was found very wet on the following morning. "There," said Patrick, "you will find water not many feet deep, and plenty of it." Sure enough, in a few days' digging, Patrick confirmed his prediction, notwithstanding the jeers of the workmen, finding a vein which filled the well to overflowing, and rendered it exceedingly difficult to bail out the water so as to put stone in it. The philosophy of the operation seems to be that, as great evaporation takes place from the surface of the earth during the night, the water rises up from the depths below to supply the loss, and accumulates in the vicinity of the stone, often quite a puddle.

Choice Miscellany.

FORNEY EXPOSED.

The arch-demagogism of John W. Forney has been completely unmasked by the publication of the following letter. It is well known that this renegade's bitter hostility to President Buchanan originated in no worthier cause than disappointment at being foiled in his efforts to obtain control of the patronage of Mr. Buchanan's administration. And it now appears that his opposition to President Johnson has been provoked by a similar failure of his ambitious schemes for place and plunder. That a man, who only six months ago, could declare himself the "open and avowed friend" of the President, and heartily in favor of his restoration policy, should now so bitterly revile him, is evidence of a depth of duplicity and meanness to which it was hardly to be suspected the most corrupt politician would stoop. His letter shows the utter destitution of principle which has governed Forney's course ever since he betrayed the Democratic party:

NEW YORK, Jan. 21, 1866.

MY DEAR MR. PRESIDENT:—I have been in the city for two days, and now write under an impulse which I cannot restrain, because I feel it to be for your own good and that of the country. I take it for granted that you are resolved not to be unmindful of your own fame, and that you will not allow your friends who heartily sustain your policy to feel that they are without your aid and encouragement, whether you are a candidate for President or not, and if you are not I shall be greatly surprised, with the wonderful favor that crowned your restoration policy. You should not allow the great offices to go to indifferent men, or to those clearly in the interests of your foes. I need not repeat to you that I am now, as ever, for twenty years shown in my writings, and since your great act of patriotism in 1860, especially your open and avowed friend. Where I am to-day my two newspapers, both daily, show to the world. Hence, in what I now say, I speak no idle words, but mean all I say. The Collector's office at New York is a post that you should dispose of outside of all politicians; not that I mean to defy them, but to select your own man, who should be free only to help you and serve the Government; one they could neither attack nor use. Such a man is ——, of this city. He was elected to Congress in ——, as a Democrat, but, like you, refused to follow the party in treason. He served a short time with great distinction, and resigned on account of ill health. He was a member of the Committee on Ways and Means, and won great applause. He is a very able man, educated to finance, intensely national, honest and independent, and could furnish millions of security. He has an organizing mind; would make you a party or fight your battles single-handed. He is an Andrew Johnson Democrat, in short. I write in the knowledge that he would accept, and that his appointment would be received with joy by the whole community.

Yours truly, J. W. FORNEY.

To the President.

The name of the person for whom Forney asked the New York Collectorship, "under an impulse which he could not restrain," is Henry G. Stebbins, a New York banker, and a member of the thirty-eighth Congress. The Radicals are amazed at the disclosure, and the more so that he asked for the appointment of a Democrat. There are similar letters written by Forney, in the hands of gentlemen who do not feel at liberty to publish them until he is tortured into a challenge for their production or a denial that he wrote them, as in the present instance.

A CONVERSATION BETWEEN A DEMOCRATIC AND A REPUBLICAN FARMER.

A correspondent of the Easton *Argus* says: Several days ago I happened to drop in to see one of my neighbors, a solid Democrat, where I found another neighbor, a well-meaning Republican. A conversation sprang up between the two in regard to the crops, politics, &c., of which the following is about the substance:

Democrat.—Well, neighbor B.,—— take a seat. What is the news?

Republican.—Oh, there is nothing special that I know of. How do your crops look?

Democrat.—Well, they are looking very well, and I was in hopes we would have a full crop of wheat, but within a few days the weevil has made its appearance in my wheat and rye, and I am afraid I will have only half a crop. How does yours look?

Republican.—I find some weevil in mine too. It is a great pity, because the taxes are so high and the wheat failed last year and if it fails this year again, where under the sun is the money to come from to support our families and pay these heavy bounty and State, school, county and road taxes?

Democrat.—I don't like taxes myself, but I'm like the old woman's eels, I have been skinned so much and so long that I got kinder used to it. We're a rich people and the government can make just as much money as it pleases, and the fact is, we need heaps of money to pay our way.

Republican.—That is so, but I think it about time our government begins to practice economy. The war is over now and with peace we ought to have some of the blessings of peace.

Democrat.—Very true, but then our duty as a people has just begun. We have made all the slaves of the South free, and it is our bounden duty to take care of them, feed them, to educate and clothe them. At least, so the leaders of your party in Congress tell us.

Republican.—Well, I know Thad Stevens and the radicals say so, but I can't say that I like the proceedings altogether. We made those niggers free and I think that's doing enough for them. They ought to go to work now and make their own living—not depend entirely on the government.

Democrat.—Yes, that used to be considered sensible talk, but the times have changed. The negro is all Congress cares about, now. It is reported that a new Bureau law is to be passed by Congress, which will do better by the negro than the present law, and if President Johnson vetoes it, it will pass any how. The Republican Congressmen think they are not doing enough for the negroes, and they talk of spending fifty millions a year to build colleges for them, so that they can learn French and engineering and everything of that kind, in order that they may become fit to vote with us, to sit on our juries and take charge of our public works and be school teachers and professors in our colleges and ministers in our churches and everything of that sort.

Republican.—And who is to pay for all that?

Democrat.—Why, you and I and John here. We pay for it. You help pay for these things in everything you buy. When you buy a pair of boots you pay three dollars towards it. When you buy a hat for two dollars and a half, you pay about a dollar tax. When you buy a suit for $30, you pay perhaps six dollars tax. Some articles are taxed three or four times before they get into your hands. For instance, when you go to a tailor and order a $30 suit, he has to pay six per cent. government tax to the collector every month. The tailor, when he bought the goods, paid a tax to the manufacturer who made the cloth, and the farmer who raised the wool out of which the goods was manufactured, paid an income tax on the wool he raised. All these taxes we have to pay and the money goes to support the negroes. At Washington City there are more than ten thousand fed by the government every day. And if you will read the report of Gen. Fullerton and Gen. Steedman, who were sent down to South Carolina to examine the condition of the negroes there, you will find that the government has to support them all, while Yankee preachers cheat them out of all their earnings.

Republican.—If these things are so, why do our Congressmen support such measures?

Democrat.—Because the leaders of the Republican party have "nigger on the brain" and are determined to persevere until the negro is our equal. They will keep on until we have negro jurors and negro judges, and when you go to vote you must stand back and wait until Sam Jones and Bungo Nash have voted.

Republican.—Well, excuse me for swearing, but I'll be d——d if I believe in that kind of performances. I am opposed to niggers voting and niggers sitting in our courts as jurymen; and I think our Congress must have gone crazy. It is about time they began to do something for the relief of the white men of the country. I am sick and tired of this infernal nigger business.

Democrat.—Now you *talk* right, neighbor B., but you won't *vote* right. You will go to the election next October, and vote for the humbug John W. Geary, for Governor, who is in favor of negro equality and in favor of everything you condemn. Now how can you go and support the man and vote against your own interests and principles?

Republican.—I tell you I won't do it. I am a Republican, but I swear if our leaders don't smell too strong of nigger wool for me. I don't want any niggers or nigger-worshippers about me.

Democrat.—I am glad to hear you say so; and if all your party talk as sensibly as you do, the country would not be in danger of ruination.

Republican.—Well, I must be going. We will talk these matters over more fully some other time. Good-bye.

Democrat.—Good-bye—call soon again.

The above report is substantially true and I want you to put it in your paper.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRACY IN CONGRESS TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

To the People of the United States:

Danger threatens the Constitution! The citadel of our liberties is directly assailed! The future is dark unless the people will come to the rescue. In this hour of peril, national Union should be the watchword of every true man. As essential to national union we must maintain unimpaired the rights, the dignity and the equality of the States, including the right of representation in Congress, and the exclusive right of each State to control its own domestic concerns, subject only to the Constitution of the United States. After an uniform construction of the Constitution for more than half a century, the assumption of new and arbitrary powers in the Federal Government is subversive of our system, and destructive of liberty.

A free interchange of opinion and kind feeling between the citizens of all the States is necessary to the perpetuity of the Union. At present eleven States are excluded from the national councils. For seven long months the present Congress has persistently denied any right of representation to the people of these States. Laws, affecting their highest and dearest interests, have been passed without their consent, and in disregard of the fundamental principle, of free government. This denial of representation has been made to all the members from a State, although the State, in the language of the President, presents itself not only in an attitude of loyalty and harmony, but in the persons of Representatives whose loyalty cannot be questioned under any existing constitutional or legal test. The Representatives of nearly one-third of the States have not been consulted with reference to the great questions of the day. There has been no nationality surrounding the present Congress. There has been no intercourse between the representatives of the two sections, producing mutual confidence and respect. In the language of the distinguished Lieutenant-General: "It is to be regretted that at this time there cannot be a greater commingling between the citizens of the two sections, and particularly of those entrusted with the law-making power." This state of things should be removed at once and forever. Therefore, to preserve the national union, to vindicate the sufficiency of our admirable Constitution, to guard the States from covert attempts to deprive them of their true position in the Union, and to bring together those who are unnaturally severed, and for these great national purposes only, we cordially approve the call for a National Union Convention, to be held in the city of Philadelphia, on the second Tuesday, fourteenth of August next, and indorse the principles therein set forth.

We, therefore, respectfully, but earnestly, urge upon our fellow-citizens, in each State and Territory and Congressional District, in the United States, in the interest of union and in a spirit of harmony, and with direct reference to the principles contained in said call, to act promptly in the selection of wise, moderate and conservative men to represent them in said convention, to the end that all the States shall at once be restored to their practical relations to the Union, the Constitution be maintained, and peace bless the whole country.

W. E. Niblack,	John Hogan,
Anthony Thornton,	B. M. Boyer,
Michael C. Kerr,	Tunis G Bergen,
G. S. Shanklin,	Charles Goodyear,
Garrett Davis,	Charles H. Winfield,
H. Grider,	A. H. Coffroth,
Thomas E. Noell,	Lovell H. Rousseau,
Samuel J. Randall,	Philip Johnson,
Lewis W. Ross,	Chas. A. Eldridge,
Stephen Taber,	John L. Dawson,
J. M. Humphrey,	Reverdy Johnson,
Thos. A. Hendricks,	B. C. Ritter,
Wm. Wright,	A. Harding,
James Guthrie,	A. J. Glossbrenner,
J. A. McDougal,	E. R. V. Wright,
Wm. Radford,	A. J Rogers,
S. S. Marshall,	H. McCullough,
Myer Strouse,	F. C. LeBlond,
Chas. Sitgreaves,	W. E. Finck,
S. E. Ancona,	L. S. Trimble.
E. N. Hubbell,	

Washington, July 4, 1866.

☞General Geary has not come out yet, for or against negro suffrage and negro equality. He will have to "face the music" before the election.

THE "DENSTEN CASE."—DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

A non-reporting drafted man, named Reily, offered to vote at an election poll in Franklin county, but his ballot was rejected by an election officer, named Huber, on the ground that his name appeared on a provost marshal's list as a deserter. Reily thereupon entered suit in the Common Pleas of Franklin county against Huber, and recovered judgment. Huber appealed to the Supreme Court, whose decision has now been rendered, affirming the judgment of the Franklin county court—which is that, Reily "*not having been convicted of desertion* and failure to return to service, or to report to a provost marshal, and not having been sentenced to the penalties and forfeitures of the law, *was entitled to vote.*" Chief Justice Woodward and Justices Strong and Thompson, constituting the majority of the Court, affirmed, whilst Justices Read and Agnew dissented.

The decision of the Court does not assume the unconstitutionality of the act of Congress, under which the case arose, though it recites the grounds upon which its constitutionality has been assailed: first, that it is *ex post facto*; second, that it is an attempt to regulate the right of suffrage in the States; and, third, that it proposes to inflict pains and penalties before and without trial and conviction by due process of law.

Upon the first, it is stated that it may be insisted that the penalty is not prescribed for the original desertion, but for persistence in desertion.

Upon the second, it is stated that the act operates only upon the individual offender, and does not override State laws, but leaves each State to determine the qualifications of the voter.

Upon the third, it is stated that the law does not presume to inflict the additional punishment of disfranchisement upon deserters, except upon trial and conviction by court martial according to the provisions of previous acts to which the act in question is only supplemental.

According to this view a person who deserted from the military service previous or since the passage of the act of March 3, 1865, might be disfranchised, *but only after trial by regular court martial, conviction, sentence and approval of sentence*, the same as in other cases in which desertion is punished. According to this view, also, a record from a provost marshal's office, the War Department, or Adjutant General's office, charging a man with desertion and classifying him as a deserter, *is not sufficient to entail disfranchisement*, and *no election officer or board of election can assume authority to reject any man's vote upon such grounds.* There is no authority, therefore, under which an election board can assume to reject such vote except through the regular record of an approved sentence of a court martial.

Election officers cannot presume to try men for the crime of desertion, because, among other reasons, their decision would not be a bar to subsequent trial for the same offence by a competent tribunal, and it is not lawful to have two courts to try one offence—each to administer a portion of the punishment. Besides this, it is held that it is not in the power of Congress to confer upon an election board, which is exclusively of State creation, jurisdiction to try offences against the United States. *Congress cannot vest the judicial power of the United States in any State or sovereignty.* Hence even *the Legislature of Pennsylvania cannot prescribe penalties for offences against the United States, nor authorize either State courts or election boards to try or punish offenders against the United States.* The State disfranchisement act, based as it is upon the act of Congress, and intended to be co-operative with it, is therefore a *nullity.* Only through courts martial can deserters be punished, and as no State is authorized to constitute such courts, the legislative act falls to the ground.

Although the constitutionality of the act of Congress was not at issue in the case, and although the court does not consider that subject in full in all its bearings, Chief Justice Woodward does not hesitate to say that he considers the act to be *ex post facto* in respect to all soldiers who deserted prior to March 3, 1865.

This decision of the Supreme Court *will enable every man in Pennsylvania, qualified under the State election laws, to vote*, unless he has been *tried, convicted and sentenced to disfranchisement for desertion by court martial*, and unless the *sentence has been approved by the Commander-in-Chief of the Federal army.*—Should any election officer or board refuse the vote of any man, except as above, *he or they will be subject to severe punishment.* Notwithstanding these facts, however, there may be attempts made to intimidate persons from voting by threats of arrest and trial by court martial for desertion. It can be authoritatively declared that court martials are ended.—There will be no more trials for desertion! The armies are disbanded; the Government has no use for their services; and it is not so vindictive as to hunt up victims now to punish. Besides all this it cannot afford to send out guards to hunt up deserters and maintain courts martial for their trial. Each trial would cost the Government many thousand dollars—which is an expense which the President will not by any means sanction, merely to aid politicians in making of destroying a few votes.—*Patriot & Union.*

☞The proposed National Convention to be held in this city, in August next, seems greatly to trouble the Radicals. This is not to be wondered at. There is too much *Union* about the movement to satisfy the *disunion* element

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:
Monday Morning, July 16, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

Democratic County Convention.

At a meeting of the Democratic County Committee, at Wolf's Hotel, in Gettysburg, on Saturday last, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic voters of Adams county be, and they are hereby, requested to meet at their usual places of holding Delegate Elections, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of JULY instant, for the purpose of choosing Delegates to represent them in a County Convention to be held in Gettysburg, on MONDAY following, (July 30th,) at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket, appoint Congressional Conferees, and transact such other business as may be deemed necessary. The Delegate Elections to open at 5 and close at 7 o'clock, P. M., in all the Districts except in Gettysburg—in the latter place to open at 7 and close at 9 o'clock, P. M.

☞ The Delegate Election in Union township to be held this year at Sell's Station.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF, Ch'n.
H. J. MYERS, Sec'y.
July 2, 1866.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

By the call published above, it will be seen that the Delegate Elections in this county will be held on Saturday, the 28th instant, and the Convention on the following Monday, the 30th. It is to be hoped that the elections will be well attended, and the best men in the several districts sent as delegates. We have wily foes, ready to take any advantage, to contend with. Their candidates are pledged to unceasing labor during the canvass, whilst the leaders *will stop at nothing* to carry the county. The Democratic Convention, therefore, owes it to the party to act circumspectly, and present the best ticket possible. By so acting, the doings of the Convention will command such general respect as to lead to certain success.

THE CONVENTION AT READING.

The largest preparations are being made for the Democratic State Mass Convention, to be held at Reading *on Wednesday next*, (the 18th.) The Democratic Clubs in twelve or fifteen counties will be there, including the Keystone, of Philadelphia, now under the Presidency of Hon. Richard Vaux, with a number of Ward Clubs; the Soldiers' Clymer Club of York, under Col. Mulsh; the Harrisburg Club, the Easton Club, the Lancaster Clubs, (citizen and military,) and many others.—Besides, there will be thousands there not connected with such organizations.—Excursion trains will run to Reading from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Columbia, Pottsville, Easton, &c. Whilst the crowd is expected to be very great, (which every Democrat ought to be glad to see,) none should be deterred from going by the fear of not finding accommodations. Reading is a large place, and the Democracy of the city and county will see to it that all visitors have comfortable entertainment. We trust that this county will be well represented.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Lancaster *Intelligencer* says that the response of the people and of the press of the country to the call for a National Union Convention is general, and the gathering will be the largest and most important that the country has seen since the war began.

Southern papers exhibit a very general disposition on the part of the people to respond to the call, and State and district Conventions are being called to nominate delegates.

Governor Orr has issued an address to the people of South Carolina, in which he heartily approves of the objects of the Philadelphia Convention, and urges upon them the duty of immediately electing delegates to the State Convention which meets at Columbia on the first of August to appoint delegates to the National Convention. The Governor says: "There is not one principle of this address to which this State cannot subscribe in honor and with sincerity."

The radicals may rage as they please in regard to this Convention. Many of the best men of the Republican party will be there, the whole country will be represented, and in all respects it will be one of the most influential and important political gatherings the country has ever seen.

FORNEY IN THE DUMPS.

Mrs. Swisshelm, the Radical editress, is the Washington correspondent of the Chambersburg *Repository*. In last week's paper is a letter in which she says:

John W. Forney, Wilkinson, late correspondent of the New York *Tribune* here, and other men of that stamp, have been feeling gloomy during the past week and talking of "stormy times" ahead.

When such men as Forney feel gloomy in regard to the political situation the people have good cause to rejoice. The reign of the thieves is drawing to a close.

☞ The Supreme Court of this State has decided that Judges of Elections are bound to take the votes of "deserters," if such "deserters" have not been regularly tried, convicted and sentenced by a court martial. Judge Strong and the majority of the Supreme Court, take the ground that *election boards cannot try the question of desertion*. This is exactly the ground upon which we insisted last fall that the votes of non-reporting conscripts must be taken. But the Abolitionists made a great out-cry against the right of "deserters" to vote, and succeeded in getting their election boards to reject the votes of all whom they chose to charge with "desertion," whilst by their clamor and threats they frightened the timid so that they did not venture near the polls. Now, LET IT BE UNDERSTOOD that the LAW PROTECTS these men; and above all, LET IT BE KNOWN THAT THERE IS A MAN IN THE EXECUTIVE CHAIR AT WASHINGTON WHO WILL SEE THAT NO CITIZEN IS ROBBED OF HIS RIGHTS. Be firm and all will be well.

☞ It is understood that the President will veto the Freedmen's Bureau Bill.

THE FOURTH AT TAMMANY HALL.

The Democracy of New York City celebrated the National Anniversary most appropriately and spiritedly at Tammany Hall. The old Wigwam was crowded, and the celebration was a most decided success. Richard O'Gorman and S. S. Cox were the orators of the day, and they delivered most eloquent, hopeful and stirring addresses. Letters from numerous distinguished men were read, among others from President Johnson, Secretary Seward and Secretary Welles.

We publish the following paragraphs from Mr. Seward's letter, for the special edification of our neighbor of the *Sentinel*, who has so long admired and puffed him:

It is said in excuse of the denial of representation, that the States and their chosen representatives still continue to be seditious and disloyal. I ask, is Tennessee disloyal? Is Arkansas seditious? Are the Senators and Representatives of either of those States disloyal? I desire, in this respect, that each of the two Houses of Congress will apply the constitutional test, with all the improvements of legislation upon it, and thus admit *those States and representatives* who are loyal, and reject only those against whom the crime of disloyalty shall be established.

I believe with the Tammany Society, that the Union was created to be perpetual; that the States are equal under the Constitution, that the restoration of the Union by the regent war ought to be acknowledged and recognized by all the departments of the Federal Government; that a spirit of magnanimity and fraternity should prevail in all our councils, and that the South, having accepted of the lessons of the war, and relinquished the heresies of secession, should, just so far and so fast as she comes in the attitude of loyalty, and in the persons of loyal and qualified representatives, be admitted to her constitutional representation.

I want, henceforth and forever, no North, no South, no East, no West, no divisions, and no sections and no classes, but one united and harmonious people.

How can the *Sentinel* longer remain in the *disunion* ranks? Its position is wonderful, and can only be accounted for upon the supposition that Thad. Stevens has "charmed" the editor into the most complete subserviency.

THE SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

The Soldiers' State Convention, called to meet at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 1st of August, promises to be a very important demonstration. The Doylestown *Democrat*, edited by Col. W. W. H. Davis, says "the indications are that the Convention will be the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in Pennsylvania." We copy the following from the *Democrat*:

Colonel Forney is again on the anxious bench; he sees another "negro under the wood-pile." He becomes alarmed because, as he states, "Colonel W. W. H. Davis, of the Doylestown *Democrat*, is trying to get up a soldiers' party in favor of Hiester Clymer." We are not *getting up* a party of soldiers for this purpose, for the party is already up, and a large one it is; but we are helping to bring this party together to express the indignation the soldiers of Pennsylvania feel toward Stevens, Sumner, Forney & Co., for betraying them and the cause for which they shed their blood. It is quite natural that Forney should become alarmed, for he *begins to see a handwriting* on the wall that will expose the pretended patriotism of himself and friends. The Convention of the first of August will excel anything of the kind ever before held in this State. The officers, soldiers and seamen of Pennsylvania will proclaim to the world that the fruits of their labor in the field shall not be used to divide the Union which they fought and bled to make whole. We are rejoiced that Colonel Forney shows his alarm. It is the best evidence that the movement is already having a powerful effect. The soldiers of this State will show him and his colaborers in the cause of disunion that they fought and bled neither to destroy the Union, nor raise the negro to their political and social equality.

SOLDIERS' HARVEST HOME.

The Democratic Soldiers of Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, intend holding a Democratic Soldiers' Harvest Home and Mass Meeting, under the auspices of the Soldiers' Democratic Club, on the 25th of the present month, to which all Democratic soldiers, sailors and citizens who favor the election of Hiester Clymer and the restoration of *all* the States to their political rights, are invited. We *are requested to extend a special invitation* to the Democratic soldiers and citizens of Adams. Hon. Hiester Clymer is certainly expected to address the meeting. A grand time may be expected.

GO WITH THEM.

If you want to be taxed to support the negroes of the South in luxurious idleness—go with the radicals. If you are anxious to pay for a swarm of useless officeholders to engender and perpetuate discord between the Southern negroes and their employers—go with the radicals. If you think the families of "freedmen" should be supported out of the Treasury, while the widows and orphans of white soldiers who fell in the war for the Union are left to provide for themselves—go with the radicals. If you think negro soldiers "bear the palm" in suppressing the rebellion—go with the radicals. If you want negroes to vote in Pennsylvania—go with the radicals. If you want eleven States stricken from the flag of the Republic—go with the radicals. If you want wealth protected at the expense of labor—go with the radicals. If you want agitation and strife prolonged, business paralyzed and the country bankrupted—go with the radicals.

Good News to Tax-payers.—It will be refreshing news to the overburthened tax-payers to learn that a proposition has been made in Congress to increase the pay of members to $10,000 a year, and travelling expenses to boot, and that the project meets with much favor in that body. They now receive $3,000 per annum, and travelling expenses. The working classes will have to pay the piper.

☞ The Democracy of Fulton county have unanimously instructed in favor of J. McDowell Sharpe, Esq., for Congress, and George A. Smith, Esq., for Senator.

☞ The latest from Mexico represents the continued success of the Liberal army against the rule of the Emperor Maximilian. It is believed that he will soon be forced from the country.

☞ It may not interest the Disunionists greatly to be told that every Presidential veto of former Presidents was sustained by the people, but such is the case.

☞ The Rumpers threaten to stay in session until after the Philadelphia Union Convention, so as to devise ways and means to save their bacon.

CHEAP SHOW!

On all occasions of mere pretension and show, in which no pecuniary outlay is involved, the individual who now misrepresents us in the State Senate is always particularly prominent and officious. As far as the mere outside demonstration is concerned, he is equal to at least ten men, but when it comes to anything that costs, his weakness becomes manifest, the cloven foot sticks out, and he is inferior to the one-tenth part of any ordinary specimen of humanity. This peculiar condition of mind will do very well in the usual order of events in our quiet burg. It has happened that McConaughy has frequently been so situated as to exhibit himself one week as the embodiment of public spirit and liberality, (at no pecuniary cost to himself,) whilst the week after he has been selfish enough to saddle all the loss and trouble on some innocent and undesigning party.

But selfish and designing as he is, he is sometimes caught beyond all hope of extrication, at a less expenditure than the cost of a gallon of ice cream and a short three-quarters of a pound cake—as was the case on the occasion of the visit of the Governor of the State and the Legislative Committee, on Thursday. On that, to him, ever-memorable occasion, his prudence and parsimony were overcome by his desire for notoriety and public display, and he heedlessly plunged, headlong, into a "Reception," such as, we believe, was never equalled by any other public man.

Invitations were sent out, and the Governor, the Legislative Committee, and sundry of the notables of the town, availed themselves of them, and were promptly present.

All went "merry as a marriage bell." The "feast of reason and the flow of soul" progressed joyously, until stomachs, *debilitated by a preparatory fast*, clamorously called for the more solid elements of life. 'Tis easy to summon "spirits from the vasty deep," but they won't always come. 'Tis easy to invite many, but it *costs* to feed them. "Five loaves" are not always multiplied into five thousand, and neither is a gallon of ice cream and a pound-cake be multiplied indefinitely. Many were called, but few were fed.—Those not among "the select," as not being essential to the show, were bowed out in a more decided state of refrigeration than was the ice cream, and the chosen few remained, to partake, with what appetite they might, of the refreshments so grudgingly bestowed. The rejected adjourned, as we are informed, to their private pantries, and to Gruel's, where they were of course welcome and got the worth of their money.

It is to be hoped that as people of all parties and shades of complexion now have the full gage of McConaughy, they will in the future see to it that no man shall represent them who will not at least treat alike all whom he may invite to his "receptions." It needed but this public manifestation of the bogus Senator's meanness, his picayune spirit, and his utter disregard of the feelings of his towns-men and neighbors, to convince everybody of his unfitness to represent any decent constituency.

STATE CONVENTION OF JOHNSON "REPUBLICANS."

An informal convention of the Johnson Republicans of this State, was held at Sansom street Hall, Philadelphia, on the third inst. Robert L. Martin, of Delaware county, acted as temporary chairman. Hon. HENRY W. TRACY, of Bradford, was elected permanent chairman, supported by a long array of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. Among the delegates present we notice the names of Ex-Gov. Johnson, N. P. Sawyer, Colonel S. McKelvy, and Hon. James Lowry, of Allegheny; Hon. Chas. Williamson and J. C. Cummings, Delaware; B. Rush Bradford and Archibald Robinson, Beaver; Col. J. R. Flanigen, S. S. Leidy, Henry Simons, and C. P. Cornman, Philadelphia; W. M. Allison, G. W. Strouse and W. W. Davis, Juniata; T. C. McDowell, Dauphin; D. P. Harper and J. W. Cowell, Bucks; P. M. Huckenbeier, Snyder; Col. Tulley and W. Darlington, Chester; A. F. Swann, Erie; J. B. Adamson, Mercer; C. Collum, Crawford; R. H. Foster, Centre; Thos. Schosch, Monroe; and a number of others. A State Central Committee was appointed, with Col. J. R. Flanigen, of Philadelphia, as Chairman. Hon. W. F. Johnson, Col. J. R. Flanigen, Hon. H. W. Tracy and Senator Edgar Cowan were elected delegates to the National Convention which is to assemble in Philadelphia, on the 14th of August. A resolution was also adopted fixing the 14th of August as the time, and Philadelphia as the place, for holding a Convention to determine what course to pursue in regard to a candidate for Governor.

Coffroth vs. Koontz.—The Washington correspondent of the *Age*, in his letter of Monday, says:—The Committee of Elections agreed this morning to report in favor of ousting Mr. Coffroth, and giving his seat to the contestant (Koontz). I understand that it is admitted that Mr. Coffroth had a majority of the legal votes cast in the District, but the committee decided against him on a *technical* objection. They hold that the proof was insufficient to show that certain illegal soldiers' votes for Mr. Koontz were counted by the return judges, when in fact there was ample proof of fraud in that particular.

The Meeting at Reading.—The Democratic Mass Meeting to be held at Reading, Berks county, on the 18th inst., promises to be one of the largest ever held in the State. Among other distinguished speakers who will be present we may positively mention Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, late Democratic candidate for Vice President. It will be worth a long journey to hear this distinguished gentleman upon the issues involved in the present contest for the Union. Every Democrat who can conveniently go to Reading upon that occasion, should do so.—*Patriot & Union.*

☞ It is rumored that Postmaster General Dennison has resigned, on account of his disagreement with the President. It is said that Harlan and Speed will follow. Let the country rejoice.

☞ Thaddeus Stevens will be a candidate for United States Senator, say the Lancaster papers.

☞ McConaughy is in favor of an extra session of the Legislature, to ratify the Constitutional Amendment. *Of course.* An extra session means *extra pay!*

☞ Several battles have been fought by the Austrians and Prussians, and victory is claimed for each side.

Significant.—The negroes at Philadelphia were not allowed to mix in the ceremonies on the 4th. The soldiers would not permit it. The Destructionists did not dare insist upon the presence of the negroes.

☞ Senator Lane, of Kansas, is dead.

Clymer, Johnson, and the Union.

Call for a State Convention of Honorably Discharged Officers, Soldiers and Seamen, of Pennsylvania.

The Soldiers' Convention which met in Pittsburg on the 5th of June last, and which pledged their comrades in this State to the support of the radical measures of Congress, in opposition to the just and constitutional policy of President Johnson, and which promised their votes to John W. Geary, the radical candidate for Governor, misrepresented the sentiments of the great mass of the officers and soldiers of Pennsylvania. In order that a true expression of opinion might be had from the late defenders of the government in the field, and to counteract the injury attempted to be done to the cause of the Union, it was deemed advisable by the late officers and soldiers of the Federal army in this State to hold another Convention.

A preliminary meeting of returned officers and soldiers, with this object in view, was holden on Thursday, the 28th of June, when it was resolved to hold

A State Convention at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the first day of August,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., to be composed of such honorably discharged officers, soldiers and seamen of Pennsylvania, as subscribe to the following doctrine, viz:

1. Who are in favor of carrying out, in good faith, the joint resolution of Congress, adopted July 22nd, 1861, which declared that, "This war is not prosecuted on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired." These were the conditions of the bond the soldiers signed and sealed in blood with the government, and a refusal to carry them out is a gross violation of a solemn agreement;

2. Who are in favor of restoring the States lately in rebellion to all their constitutional relations with the Federal Union as they stood before the war broke out, according to the humane and constitutional policy laid down by President Johnson;

3. Who are in favor of representatives from the South, loyal to the Constitution and the laws, being immediately received by Congress;

4. Who approve President Johnson's vetoes of the Freedmen's Bureau and Civil Rights Bills;

5. Who are opposed to any interference, by Congress, with the rights reserved by the Constitution, and who are opposed to the right of suffrage being conferred upon the negro;—

6. And who are in favor of the election of Hiester Clymer, Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, the representative of the constitutional and conservative doctrine stated above.

Each county will be entitled to send seven delegates to the convention; and where a county has more than one member in the House of Representatives, such county will be entitled to seven delegates for each additional member. The delegates are to be elected by the honorably discharged officers, soldiers and seamen of the counties respectively.

In addition to the delegates selected, all other honorably discharged officers, soldiers and seamen who sympathize with the object in view, are invited to meet at Harrisburg on that occasion. Signed by

W. W. H. DAVIS, Col. 104th P. V.
OWEN JONES, Col. 1st Pa. Cavalry.
JOHN P. LINTON, Lt. Col. 54th P. V.
J. WESLEY AWL, Lt. Col. 201st P. V.
R. P. MCWILLIAMS, Capt. 126th P. V.
C. B. BROCKWAY, Capt. 1st Pa. Art'y.

And 306 others, from different parts of the State—among them, Major H. S. Benner, Adj. J. H. White, Capt. Wm. J. Martin, Lieut. S. H. Eicholtz, Serg. W. D. Holtzworth, A. D. Mark and J. J. Myers, of Adams county.

SHABBY.

Much surprise has been expressed that the Hon. Hiester Clymer, who offered the resolution in the Senate of Pennsylvania, originating the flag ceremonies in Independence Square on the Fourth of July, was not an invited guest on that interesting occasion, while his competitor, General Geary, was given the post of honor. Having been made acquainted with all the facts of the case, we briefly lay them before our readers as a sample of the shabbiest conduct on the part of political managers that ever came within our notice.

The facts are simply these, and it is no more than right that the people of all parties, who must help to pay the expenses of the recent celebration, should know in what manner and for what purpose their money was spent by the Radicals, who tried to make the 4th of July a day of honor to the disunion candidate for Governor. The Committee of Arrangements requested General Hancock to make out a list of generals from which were to be selected those to command the respective divisions of the procession. This list was carefully prepared by him, and we understand, the name of General Geary was not included in it, simply because he was a candidate for a political office. The action of General Hancock in this matter was occasioned by his earnest and very proper desire to do nothing that would give the ceremony the slightest partisan aspect. In spite of this decent and sensible course, however, the committee forced Geary upon General Hancock, and, in opposition to his sound judgment, placed him in command of the division that bore the colors which were not carried with their own regiments. This was intended to be the post of honor, and it was supposed by the political tricksters who manipulated the affair that all the cheers which would be given to the tattered and war-worn flags would be reported to the credit of the great hero and statesman of New Cumberland! When General Hancock learned this we are informed he at once requested that Mr. Clymer should be invited, as originator of the whole affair. Will it be believed that the committee absolutely refused to accede to this request, and positively declined to invite Mr. Clymer? Yet this they did, and thus indicated their willingness to prostitute the anniversary of the birthday of American Independence to partisan purposes, and meanly sought to make capital for Geary out of the festal day and its ceremonies. This fully accounts for the absence of Mr. Clymer from participating in the ceremonies. The public, as a judge of good manners, will not fail to pronounce this shabby conduct of a shabby committee an act of discourtesy. In their overwhelming anxiety to make political capital out of a great historic occasion, they unfortunately lost sight of common politeness. But what better could have been expected from the Radical members of that committee, who were in a majority and of course entirely controlled its action, after they tried to have the Broad Street League invited as guests on this occasion, and also wanted negro troops sandwiched among the whites? Their discreditable efforts to turn this patriotic occasion to political account miserably failed. The appearance of the Radical disunion "hero" with his hat in hand, as if begging for votes from the crowd that lined the foot-paths, and with inordinate vanity appropriating to himself the hearty cheers that were given to the old battle-flags, created in some instances, immoderate laughter, in others, intense disgust, and clearly showed the unmistakable purpose that filled the weak head of Geary—to endeavor to make capital for himself out of the celebration that was intended to be without distinction of party.—*Age.*

☞ Conventions have been called in South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama to elect delegates to the Philadelphia National Union Convention.

☞ The Portland fire originated from a lighted fire cracker which a boy threw into a workshop.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

☞ The COMPILER will be furnished for the campaign—from this time until after the October election—at the low price of *Fifty Cents!* Send in the names and the money—singly or by clubs. There is an interesting campaign ahead, and no Democrat or Conservative should fail to be posted when the information can be secured for the small sum of half a dollar.

MORE VISITORS.—Gov. Curtin, Mr. Rothermal, and the Legislative Committee on the Battle-field Painting, were here several days last week, inspecting the different points of the Battle-field.—On Wednesday evening, the Governor was serenaded at the residence of David Wills, Esq., by the Gettysburg Brass Band, and quite a crowd collected. He appeared and made a short speech, thanking the people of Gettysburg for their attentions during his several visits here. He had the good taste not to make a political harangue on the occasion, and thus pleased all sensible people.

It is repeated on the street that McConaughy, who tried to have the uninitiated believe that the visitors were *his* property, was compelled to bear two very galling *snubs*—one of them so direct as to bring out a broad laugh from the by-standers. Impudence won't *always* win.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION.—The State Teachers' Association will hold its next Convention in Gettysburg, on Tuesday, the 31st instant. A number of the most prominent educational men of the State will be here—Hon. T. H. Burrowes, Superintendent Coburn, Prof. Brooks, and others. Teachers and Directors will no doubt generally attend.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—The Commencement Exercises of Pennsylvania College will be held during the second week in August, as follows: The Baccalaureate address will be delivered on Sunday, August 5th, by Rev. Dr. Baugher, President of the Institution; on the morning of the 8th the Junior Exhibition will be held, and in the afternoon of the same day Rev. Dr. C. P. Krauth, Jr. will deliver the Biennial Address before the Philomathean Society, and on the evening of the 8th the Address before the Alumni of the College will be delivered by Rev. Victor L. Conrad. The Exercises of the Graduating Class will take place on the 9th. A Concert by the Lancaster Orchestra will be given in the evening.

PIC NIC.—The German Reformed Sabbath School spent Thursday last at Spangler's Spring. It was one of the most delightful pic-nics the School has yet had. The party was large, and had plenty of good living; whilst the shade was most grateful and the water deliciously cool.

For a pleasant spot to spend a day in the woods, Spangler's Spring is not to be excelled. There is a large body of timber, Rock creek fringing one edge of it, and near by are two strong springs of the best of water. What more could be desired?

GOOD MUSIC.—The Gettysburg Brass Band and the Gettysburg String Band were out on Wednesday evening, and treated the town to a number of charming pieces. Gentlemen, let us "hear from you" oftener. Nothing could afford our citizens more pleasure.

ELECTION OF TEACHERS.—The following Teachers, after being duly examined by the County Superintendent, were elected by the Board on Tuesday last to take charge of the Public Schools of the Borough:

School No. 1.	—J. Howard Wert.	
"	2	Miss Martha Warren.
"	3	" Kate Getz.
"	4	" Jennie Gilbert.
"	5	" E. Aughinbaugh.
"	6	" Jennie Powers.
"	7	" Mary McCreary.
"	8	" Lydia Meals.

The Schools will be re-opened on Monday, the 13th of August.

☞ In view of Mr. Sherfy's loss by the destruction of his barn, subscriptions have been started, in town and surrounding townships. The people generally regret Mr. Sherfy's misfortune, and are contributing willingly. For these and all other evidences of sympathy and good will, we can assure our readers that Mr. Sherfy will ever be profoundly grateful.

☞ Prof. Charles F. Himes, who was recently called from one of the Universities of Germany, to fill the Chair of Natural Sciences in Dickinson College, located at Carlisle, has received the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

Rev. S. L. Bowman has been elected to the *full and permanent Professorship* of Greek and Hebrew in the same institution.

☞ Mr. Frank. H. Duphorn has opened a Dry Goods Store at Hoke's corner, in the Diamond, and offers to the public a large and choice assortment of Dry Goods, Carpeting, Notions, Queensware, &c., which he will sell at the lowest prices, having purchased during the late reduction. He asks buyers to call, and give his goods an examination, convinced that he has something to please all. 1t

☞ Five hundred pounds of good Lard, and 1000 pounds of Country Bacon—Sides, Shoulders and Hams—wanted immediately—for which the highest cash market price will be paid—at the cheap Grocery Store of J. A. Grimes, Gettysburg. 1t

☞ Messrs. Biddle & Benner are now running their freight cars to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 N. Howard street, Baltimore, instead of Starr & Morton, as heretofore. See advertisement.

TALL OATS.—Mr. James Reaver, of Mountjoy township, brings us a stalk of Oats measuring 5 feet 8 inches in length. The first of the season. Who can beat it?

☞ The Radicals of this county will hold their Convention to nominate a ticket, on Monday, the 6th of August.

☞ A bill is before the Rump Senate for the repeal of the act by which that portion of the District of Columbia, south of the Potomac, was retroceded to the State of Virginia. The object to be attained by the bill is to get the negro villages about Arlington included in the District so as to make the negroes the *ruling element* in Washington when the suffrage bill shall be passed. This is another nice little scheme—*for Sambo.*

☞ The Rump Congress has already passed a bill giving bounty to negroes who were in the federal service, which will require *twenty million dollars*, but has failed as yet to equalize the bounties of the *white* soldiers.

Special Notice Column.

The Greatest Discovery of the Age.

FARMERS, FAMILIES, AND OTHERS can purchase no remedy equal to Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment for dysentery, colic, croup, chronic rheumatism, sore throats, toothache, sea sickness, cuts, burns, swellings, bruises, old sores, headache, mosquito bites, pains in the limbs, chest, back, &c. If it does not give relief the money will be refunded. All that is asked is a *trial, and use it* according to the directions.

DR. TOBIAS.—Dear Sir: I have used your Venetian Liniment in my family for a number of years, and believe it to be the best article for what it is recommended that I have ever used. For sudden attack of croup it is invaluable. I have no hesitation in recommending it for all the uses it professes to cure. I have sold it for many years, and it gives entire satisfaction.

CHAS. H. TRIMNER.

Quakertown, N. J., May 8, 1866.

Price, 40 and 80 cents. Sold by all druggists. Office 56 Courtland street, New York.

July 9, 1866. 1m

Purify the Blood.

If the blood be pure the body which is formed from and by the blood cannot be diseased. But if there be in any part of the body an affection, such as a boil or ulcer, even a bruise, the blood circulating through that part takes up impure matter from the local affection and carries it into the general system. This is the cause often of sudden death to persons of full habit afflicted with boils and ulcers, and who use no medicine; the matter gets into the circulating system and chokes up the fine blood vessels which supply the brain with vitality, and life ceases as if

BEREFT BY LIGHTNING.

Now, this can be remedied.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS

take all impure matters from the circulation, and save the general health, soon curing local affections also. BRANDRETH'S PILLS protect from tedious times of sickness and often save life. Sold by all Druggists. [July 9, 1866. 1m

Transformation!

The superstitions of antiquity are only "food for laughter" at the present day, and yet this is an age of MIRACLES, accomplished with the aid of science. For example: grey, sandy or red hair is CHANGED IN A MOMENT, to the richest conceivable black or brown, by a simple application of

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [June 25, '66. 1m

Radway's Regulating Pills.

Let no one forget the peculiar value of these pills as a preventive of disease, as well as a remedy for complaints already existing. "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure," and a dose of Radways Pills taken once or twice a week will not only keep the secretions in such a healthy condition that prevailing disorders may be set at defiance, but they will cure the worst cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, costiveness, &c., beyond a peradventure. It only requires from one to three pills to procure a gentle movement of the bowels, while from four to six produce a brisk and thorough purge. With most other pills you have griping pains, nausea, sickness, and uneasiness, because they fail to expel with the feces the bilious and other diseased humors. Dr. Radway's Pills leave no such mischief-working remains circulating in the system, but purge out all that may be an obstacle in the way of a restoration to health. Hence their operation is accompanied by no pain. They do their work perfectly but amiably. They do not deplete nor prostrate. They purify and strengthen. They are prepared of choice and costly extracts from medicinal plants, roots, herbs, gums, &c., yet they are sold for the same price, (25 cents a box,) demanded for inferior articles. In using them you do not lose yourself with calomel, mercury or antimony, yet you get rid of your biliousness with ease and promptitude; your heart, your kidneys, your nerves, your stomach are relieved from disorder, and you are "regulated" into perfect health. Radway's Regulating Pills are sold by Druggists.

July 9, 1866. 2w

Ayer's Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasm the countries.

Fever and Ague is not the only consequence of miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, in malarious districts, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "CURE" expels the poison from the blood, and thus cures them all alike. It is not only the most effectual remedy ever discovered for this class of complaints, but it is the cheapest and moreover is perfectly safe. No harm can arise from its use, and the patient when cured is left as healthy as he had never had the disease. Can this be said of any other cure for Chills and Fever? It is true of this, and its importance to those afflicted with the complaint cannot be over estimated. So sure is it to cure the Fever and Ague, that it may be truthfully said to be a certain remedy. One Dollar complaints that it is not a good medicine to sell, because one bottle cures a whole neighborhood.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

July 9, 1866. 2m

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,

Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord on Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garanciere & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREPAIRE, M. D.
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LEUCHRE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1863."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar *per Box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.*

GARANCIERE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortland st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppression of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength.—Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 105 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

Nov 6, 1865. 1y

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription FREE by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No. 13 Chambers st., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1864: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Read, Auston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York. ☞ For sale by all Druggists.—Try it. [Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dang

Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers his FARM, with or without the present crop,
AT PRIVATE SALE.

Possession given immediately.

The Farm is situated in Cumberland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Wm. Douglas, Samuel Pitzer and others, containing TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES, with about thirty-five acres of excellent Woodland, and the balance of the farm in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with Spring House, Frame Barn, and other necessary outbuildings.—Terms easy.

Any person desirous of seeing or purchasing the above farm, can get all desired information by calling on the undersigned, residing thereon. JULIUS HAFNER.

July 16, 1866. tf

Quarterly Report

OF THE GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK, Gettysburg, July 2, 1866:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts,	$149,028 09
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation,	150,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand,	60,800 00
Real Estate,	5,000 00
Expenses,	81 99
Due from Banks,	70,782 57
Cash—U. S. Legal Tender Notes,	38,000 00
Bills of solvent Banks,	9,359 00
Cash Items,	58 44
Bonds (personal)	2,524 17
	$485,635 26

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock,	$145,150 00
Circulation,	130,500 00
Individual deposits,	76,593 15
Due to Banks,	5,763 25
Discounts, Profits & Loss,	16,103 13
Dividends unpaid,	1,327 73
State Bank Circulation,	108,198 00
	$485,635 26

T. D. CARSON, Cashier.

July 16, 1865. 3t

Quarterly Report

OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, rendered on the morning of the first Monday in July, 1866, as follows:

DR.

Loans and Discounts,	$92,395 39
Due from Banks,	17,825 02
Premiums & Revenue Stamps,	1,136 47
U. S. Bonds,	150,350 00
Furniture and Fixtures, &c.,	1,630 31
Cash on hand,	16,885 04
	$280,222 23

CR.

Capital,	$100,000 00
Circulation,	89,980 00
Due Depositors,	74,016 31
Surplus fund, &c.,	2,494 03
Due Banks & Bankers,	13,731 89
	$280,222 23

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 10th day of July, 1866. A. J. COVER, J. P.

July 16, 1866. 3t

Kerosene & Gas Stoves.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

☞ All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with less trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel. ☜

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

☞ Send for Circular. ☜

Liberal Discount to the trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
206 *Pearl Street, N. Y.*

July 16, 1866. $10

Carpenters Wanted.

THREE or four good CARPENTERS, to whom good wages will be paid, wanted immediately by the undersigned, in Gettysburg. WM. CHRITZMAN.

July 2, 1866. 3t

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I forewarn any person from purchasing a note given by me payable to Jacob E. Myers, dated May 19, 1866, for the amount of Fifty Dollars, for which I have received no value and will not pay the same. JOHN SHULTZ.

July 2, 1866. 3t

Notice.

JOSEPH BLOCHER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Blocher, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Mountjoy township, Adams co., and the last named in West Manheim township, York co., they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN BLOCHER,
ELI BLOCHER,
Executors.

June 25, 1866. 6t

Notice.

PHILIP WOLF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration de bonis non with the will annexed, on the estate of *Philip Wolf, Sr.*, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Mountjoy township, he hereby *gives notice to all persons* indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOSEPH A. WOLF,

June 18, 1866. 6t* Adm'r. &c.

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Notice.

PHILIP MILLER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration de bonis non, cum testamento annexo, on the estate of Philip Miller, deceased, late of Hamilton twp., Adams co., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY L. MILLER, Adm'r.

July 9, 1866. 6t*

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale. JACOB TROXEL.

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence,) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [April 30, 1866. 4m

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Dec. 15, 1866. tf

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has issued over forty thousand policies, and *paid over twelve hundred claims.*

Valuable Properties for Sale.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

A FARM of 160 ACRES, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Orchard, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, and other out-buildings, Orchard, &c., three-quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

173 ACRES OF LAND, on the road leading from Hanover to Littlestown. Good limestone farm; large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings. The Littlestown Railroad runs through the rear part of the place. Price $85 per acre.

A FARM OF 300 ACRES, in Cumberland township, Adams county, three miles from Gettysburg, at which place is a railroad and good market. This farm can be divided into two farms, there being already two sets of improvements on the tract. The improvements are a good two-story Dwelling House, Barn, and other out-buildings, and a Tenant House with all improvements.

A SMALL FARM of 10 ACRES, with good House and Barn, and other out-buildings—good quality of land—good Store stand—chance to keep toll gate and to attend to a post office. This is a good chance; terms easy.

A FARM of 105 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and other out-buildings, all new.

LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 15 Acres of Land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM of 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all necessary out-buildings. The land is in a good state of cultivation. This property will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 195 ACRES, near Hunterstown, Adams county, on which is erected a good House, Barn and other out-buildings, and the land is in a fine state of cultivation. This farm will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 38 ACRES, 6 acres in wood, with one-and-a-half-story House, good Barn—land in good cultivation—3½ miles from New Oxford, and 1½ miles from Bonaughtown. Terms easy.

18 ACRES of WOODLAND, 2 miles from New Oxford.

A FARM of 200 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 3 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A FARM of 180 Acres—225 can be purchased—in Cumberland township, 2½ miles from Gettysburg, near Chambersburg pike; large weatherboarded House, Bank Barn, &c.; 40 acres in wood. The Farm has been recently limed.

A FARM of 120 ACRES, with good House and Barn; 12 acres in wood; one mile west of Bonaughtown.

A HOTEL, in New Oxford, two-story, roomy and convenient for business. Good chance; terms easy.

Also, a number of good Houses and Lots for sale in New Oxford.

Persons who wish to buy Real Estate, as well as those who wish to sell, are requested to give the subscriber a call at his store in New Oxford.

Address,
JOHN C. ZOUCK, Land Agent,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

July 9, 1866. 6m

Well-improved Farm,

IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA., FOR SALE.

Desiring to change my business, I offer for sale the FARM upon which I reside, 3 miles southeast of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., and 2 miles from the Shenandoah river, containing about 350 ACRES OF LIMESTONE LAND, 60 in fine Timber; under good fencing. The improvements are first rate. The DWELLING was finished in 1860, and contains 14 rooms. The out-buildings are of a character to suit the farm, and comprise a good BARN, Corn and Carriage House, Quarters, Tenents' Houses, Brick Smoke and Ash Houses, Stone Spring House, Poultry Houses, &c., and all under cypress roofing.

Two fine Springs near the house, one in the yard; cistern at the door; never-failing stream through the farm, passing through the barn-yard; 2 young orchards of choice fruit, containing about 250 trees.

I would call the attention of any one wishing a well improved farm to this property—which can be divided into two farms, with buildings on each, and fine water. Any person wishing to see the land will call on D. Humphreys & Co, in Charlestown, who will direct them to it.

JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

July 9, 1866.

Sale of Real Estate.

I WILL sell, on accommodating terms, my property, located in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., within one mile of Fairfield, and eight miles of Gettysburg, known as

"VIRGINIA MILLS,"

containing 503 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, well improved. There is on this land a good THREE-STORY STONE MILL, containing two run of Burrs, and a SAW MILL. Apply to the Hon. Moses McClean, Gettysburg, or John J. Lock, Charlestown, Jefferson co., Va.

M. V. LOCK.

June 18, 1866. tf

Wanted.

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part payment, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.

June 18, 1866. tf

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. A large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

May 28, 1866.

The Very Latest!

JACOBS & BROTHER,
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Just received from the city a splendid assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description. Suits made to order in the most fashionable and substantial manner. All work guaranteed to fit or no sale. Customers cannot fail to be pleased. Give us a call.

☞ P. S.—We are agents for the celebrated SINGER SEWING MACHINE, and always have the machines on hand and for sale. We can recommend them as being the best machines in use. JACOBS & BRO.

May 28, 1866.

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLE and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the Hill, in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chairmaker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.

J. M. ROWE.

Gettysburg, June 25, 1866. 3m

Wanted Immediately.

THREE OR FOUR JOURNEYMEN, to work at the Carpentering Business. Should be experienced workmen. Good wages will be paid. Apply immediately to

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

June 11, 1866. 3t* Gettysburg, Pa.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

THE
PERUVIAN SYRUP
IS A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE
Protoxide of Iron,
a new discovery in medicine which
STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE,
by supplying the Blood with its VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing

DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, BOILS, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Disease of the *Kidneys* and Bladder, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by DEBILITY, or a LOW STATE OF THE SYSTEM.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energising effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor and new life into all parts of the *system*, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.

From the Venerable Archdeacon Scott, D. D.

DUNHAM, Canada East, March 24, 1865.

* * * "I am an inveterate Dyspeptic of more than 25 years' standing."

* * * "I have been so wonderfully benefitted in the three short weeks during which I have used the Peruvian Syrup, that I can scarcely persuade myself of the reality. People who have known me are astonished at the change. I am widely known, and can but recommend to others that which has done so much for me."

One of the most DISTINGUISHED JURISTS in New England writes to a friend as follows:

"I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a NEW MAN of me; infused into my system new vigor and energy; I am no longer tremulous and debilitated, as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years."

An EMINENT DIVINE of Boston, says:

"I have been using the PERUVIAN SYRUP for some time past; it gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits, elasticity of muscle."

☞ THOUSANDS have been changed by the use of this remedy; from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent physicians, clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

☞ See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP blown in the glass.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. Dinsmore, Proprietor,
36 Dey Street, New York,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SCROFULA.

All Medical Men agree that IODINE is the BEST REMEDY for Scrofula and all kindred diseases ever discovered. The difficulty has been to obtain a PURE SOLUTION of it.

DR. H. ANDRES'
IODINE WATER,

Is a Pure Solution of Iodine, WITHOUT A SOLVENT!!

A most Powerful Vitalizing Agent and Restorative.

It will cure SCROFULA in all its manifold forms.

ULCERS, CANCERS, SYPHILIS, SALT RHEUM;

and it has been used with astonishing success in cases of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Female Complaints, Heart, Liver and Kidney Diseases, &c.

Circulars will be sent FREE to any address.

Price $1.00 a bottle, or 6 for $5.00.

Prepared by Dr. H. ANDERS, Physician and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey Street, New York,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY
HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY
HALF A CENTURY,

WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS IN CURING

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every *affection of*
THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

CONSUMPTION,

which carries off more victims than any other disease, and which baffles the skill of the *physicians to a greater extent than any other* malady, often

YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY!

when all others prove ineffectual.

AS A MEDICINE,

rapid in relief, soothing in effect, safe in its operation,

☞ IT IS UNSURPASSED! ☜

while as a preparation, free from noxious ingredients, poisons or minerals; uniting skill, science and medical knowledge; combining all that is valuable in the vegetable kingdom for this class of disease, it is

INCOMPARABLE!

and is entitled to, merits and receives the general confidence of the public.

SEYMOUR THATCHER, M. D., of Herman, N. Y., writes as follows:

"WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY gives universal satisfaction. It seems to cure a Cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation, thus REMOVING THE CAUSE, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the cause behind. I consider the Balsam as good as any, if not the best, Cough medicine with which I am acquainted."

The Rev. JACOB SECHLER, of Hanover, Pa., well known and much respected among the German population of this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted:

Dear Sirs:—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefitted by it.

JACOB SECHLER.

Price one dollar a bottle.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey Street, New York,
Seth W. Fowle & Son, Proprietors, Boston,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Grace's Celebrated Salve

cures Cuts, Burns, Scalds.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum, Erysipelas.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands, Chilblains.

Grace's Celebrated Salve heals Old Sores, Flesh Wounds, &c.

It is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most angry-looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic—thus affording relief and a complete cure.

Only 25 cents a box! (Sent by mail for 35 cents.)

For sale by J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Dey street, New York, S. W. FOWLE & SON, Proprietors, Boston, and by all Druggists, Grocers, and Country Stores.

July 16, 1866. 1y

Another Large Stock

OF NEW GOODS
JUST RECEIVED AT GRIMES'S.

James A. Grimes, York street, has been to the city again, to replenish his stock, which went off so rapidly, because it was so very good and so very cheap. The new stock beats anything he has yet offered to this community, and he hopes all the people will come and see for themselves. His new purchase of SYRUPS can't be beat, and he will sell from a pint up to a barrel; his SUGARS are of all varieties, including the very primest; his COFFEES are the best in the market; his FISH are elegant; and his FLOUR extra.

He has laid in a large lot of STONE-WARE, which he offers cheap, and is sure will please—so with his WOODEN-WARE, QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, PICKLES, SPICES, CONFECTIONARY, Tobacco and Segars, and the thousand other things to be found in his very full and complete Store. By selling cheap, and selling quick, he expects to get along quite as well as those who have greater profits, but sell slower. [June 11, 1866.

Buggies and Carriages.

THIS WAY! THIS WAY!—The undersigned is engaged in the Carriage-making business, at the corner of Chambersburg and West streets, Gettysburg, and invites all who may need anything in his line to give him a call. He puts up, in the very best manner, Falling-top and other BUGGIES, and all the different styles of CARRIAGES. With a full knowledge of the business, and a determination to give satisfaction, the public can rely upon his jobs being good. He will endeavor to deserve a large share of patronage, and hopes to receive it.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on most reasonable terms. ☞ Country produce will be taken in exchange for work.

CHARLES E. GILBERT.

Gettysburg, June 4, 1866. tf

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS, of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in *GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.*

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!
GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

New Chester Hotel.

THE undersigned has purchased the old Taughinbaugh Hotel property, in New Chester, Adams county, Pa., and re-opened the house for the accommodation of Travellers, Pedlers, Drovers, and all others. His Table will have everything in season, and his Bar the choicest wines an liquors. His Chambers are large and airy. Good Stabling is attached to the Hotel. He asks a share of public patronage, and will do his best to deserve it.

JOSEPH TODT.

May 21, 1866.

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business in the name of Row & Woods has been dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to settle their accounts.

S. B. ROW,
H. B. WOODS.

June 4, 1866.

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Everhart's

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the Incorporation of a Savings' Institution, to be located in the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penn'a., under the name and style of "THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS' INSTITUTION," the intention of which shall be to loan out money and receive deposits thereof, and do such things as are usually done by similar Institutions: the capital thereof not to exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each.

July 2, 1866. 6m

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,
On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

Disabled Men, Attention!

WANTED, one or two men, in Gettysburg and vicinity, who have lost either an arm or leg, to sell WADSWORTH'S WATER PROOF ARNICA HEALING PLASTER, the best and cheapest Court Plaster in the market. From $5 to $10 per day can be made. Address with 25 cents for sample and full information A. F. BELCHER, Box 45, Philadelphia, Pa. N. B.—All Agents and peddlers would find it to their interest to answer the above.

April 16, 1866. 3m

$90 A Month!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 866. 1sly

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has a *paid-up* capital of half a million, and a cash surplus of over a hundred thousand, to pay losses.

CANDIDATES.

☞ Our charge for announcing candidates, until the Convention, is three dollars, CASH IN ADVANCE.

Communications recommending candidates, ten cents a line, one insertion—also in advance.

For Sheriff.

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, the undersigned, (residing in Gettysburg since April 1st, but formerly and for many years a resident of Conowago township,) offers himself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

EMANUEL D. KELLER.

April 16, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

JOSEPH A. ORENDORFF.

Mountjoy tp., April 16, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.—Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. REUBEN GOLDEN.

Cumberland tp., April 16, 1866. tc

URGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF, subject of the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated I will spare no honorable efforts to secure my election, and if elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. HENRY BEITLER.

Mountjoy tp., April 23, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends in various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JOSEPH WOLF.

Butler tp., April 23, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JACOB KLUNK.

Germany tp., April 9, 1866. tc

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. PHILIP HANN.

Straban tp., April 9, 1866. tc

For Register & Recorder.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. I served as Lieutenant in the 165th Regiment, P. M., under Capt. Jacob E. Miller.

WM. C. BECK.

Reading tp, May 28, 1866. tc

HAVING been disabled in one arm by a bullet wound whilst serving in the 87th P. V., I have been frequently solicited to offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER—which I now do, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I flatter myself that I will be able to discharge the duties of the office correctly and to the satisfaction of the public.

WM. D. HOLTZWORTH.

Gettysburg, May 14, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER, at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and satisfactorily.

SAMUEL A. SWOPE.

Franklin tp., June 18, 1866. tc

SOLICITED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

ISAAC MYERS.

Butler tp., May 28, 1866. tc

For Clerk of the Courts.

ENCOURAGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of CLERK OF THE COURTS, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

JAMES J. FINK.

Gettysburg, May 7, 1866. tc

AT the earnest solicitation of some of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office correctly and with satisfaction to the public.

CORNELIUS DOUGHERTY.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tc

H. G. WOLF will be a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise a correct and faithful performance of the duties of the office.

ADAM W. MINTER.

Franklin tp., May 21, 1866. tc

County Commissioner.

THROUGH the urgent solicitation of numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for COUNTY COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will do my best to discharge the duties of the office in a satisfactory manner. BARNAT MYERS.

Menallen tp., June 25, 1866. tc

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!
COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobaccos, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

Prime Hams,

SHOULDERS, Sides, home-made Bologna Sausage, &c., a full stock always kept for sale, of the very best quality, and at lowest living profits, by

KALBFLEISCH,

June 11. next door to the Post Office.

Reduced Prices.

PIANOS, CABINET AND AMERICAN ORGANS. Superior tuned 7 octave PIANOS from $550 upwards. ORGANS from $80 upwards. All instruments selected, recommended and sold by me, additionally guaranteed. Illustrated circulars sent by mail, when desired. P. BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market Street, York, Pa.

Mar. 12, 1866.

Sugar 10 Cents,

AT Swan's Grocery, on the North-west corner of the Diamond. [April 30, 1866.

THE best lot of Upper Leather COLLARS, of our own make, now ready and for sale, D. McCREARY & SON.

18 PICKING'S 66.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"GE-WIL-LE-KINS!" WHAT A LARGE Stock of Cheap Clothing at PICKING'S.

PLAYED OUT! THE HIGH PRICES!—Call and be satisfied by pricing Clothing at PICKING'S.

IT CAN'T BE DENIED, THAT PICKING has the largest assortment of Coats, Pants and Vests, in the county.

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, in endless variety, cheap at PICKING'S.

IT IS EVEN SO! A large stock of Overshirts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, White and Calico shirts, cheap at PICKING'S.

NICE! NICER!! NICEST!!! All kinds Sunday and every-day suits cheap. PICKING'S.

GENTEEL! GENTEELER!! GENTEELEST!!! Black Cloth Frock, and Sack Coats; also all kinds of Cassimere, Duck, Cotton and Linen Coats. Call at PICKING'S.

IT IS INDEED ASTONISHING, what a large and cheap assortment of Pants can be had at PICKING'S.

KEEP TIME! Fine assortment of Clocks cheap at PICKING'S.

NO USE TALKING, but come right along and price Clothing, Notions, &c., at PICKING'S.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Violins, Accordions, Flutes and Fifes, to be had at PICKING'S.

ARE YOU IN? For a cheap suit. Then call at PICKING'S.

GREENBACKS, or any other kind of good money, taken in exchange for Coats, Pants, Vests, &c, at PICKING'S.

THE GREAT SENSATION of the day—Picking's Clothing Store.

CHEAP, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST—Picking's Spring and Summer Clothing.

GO AND SEE Picking's Cheap Clothing.

STOP A MOMENT!—What's the hurry? I want to get a suit at PICKING'S.

MOTHER EARTH is putting on a new suit. Let all the people go to Picking's and do likewise. [April 23, 1866.]

NORRIS STILL AHEAD!

1866. JUST FROM THE CITY! Norris has just returned from the City with the finest and cheapest lot of ready-made clothing ever offered in Gettysburg.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE! Next door to Buehler's Drug store, where you will find the largest and best selection of HATS and CAPS in Gettysburg.

JE-RU-SA-LEM!—What nice Pants and Vests Norris has at his new Store. He beats 'em all.

HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT!—Norris sells Gloves as cheap as they were before the war.

AND THE COLORED TROOPS FOUGHT NOBLY!—If you don't believe it just go to Norris' New Store and he will convince you that "Woolen" Goods are cheaper than they have been since the war.

COME IN OUT OF THE WET!—Norris has Umbrellas so cheap that it is cheaper to keep dry than run around in the rain.

NECKTIES, BUTTERFLIES and everything in that line at NORRIS'S.

LOCKWOOD, LINEN LINED!—Paper Collars and Linen Collars of all kinds and sizes at NORRIS'S.

KEEP TIME!—Fine assortment of Clocks and warranted to keep time at NORRIS'S.

VALISES, TRUNKS, and Carpet Bags, of every description at NORRIS'S.

SARATOGA!—Norris keeps the latest Saratoga Hats.

ON THE ROAD TO BRIGHTON!—The latest Brighton Hats at NORRIS'S.

THE LATEST RESORTE!—Norris has the latest Resorte Hats and the best quality in the market.

YOUNG DRIVING BOYS!—Don't forget that Norris has the latest Driving Hats out.

May 7, 1866.

Removal.

CALL AND SEE US IN OUR NEW QUARTERS.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

MICHAEL SPANGLER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has moved his Store into the commodious room on the southeast corner of the Diamond, at which place all are invited to call. He has purchased the property and had it thoroughly repaired and fitted up in the most splendid style, for the special comfort and convenience of his customers. We now flatter ourselves that we have not only the best store room in the *county*, but the *finest stock of* goods ever brought to this place, all of which we are now selling at prices to

DEFY COMPETITION.

We call attention especially to our complete stock of

DOMESTIC AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing all descriptions of DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, DELAINES, MERINOES, CASHMERES, CALICOES, MUSLINS, CORSETS, Hoop Skirts for Ladies and Misses, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroidery, Trimmings and

FANCY ARTICLES.

Also, Gent's FURNISHING GOODS, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We are now selling—

Muslins from.....12½ to 28.
Calicoes from.....10 to 18.

and other goods in proportion.

Having made our purchases when goods were at their very lowest grade in the city, we are now offering bargains that cannot fail to please. We invite all to call at our NEW STORE and see if it is not so.

M. SPANGLER.

April 16, 1866.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. DENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE.

WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed

Various Matters.

CONGRESSIONAL EXTRAVAGANCE.

The following denunciation of the extravagance of the Republican Congress now in session at Washington, is from a leading Republican journal whose editor-in-chief is himself a member. Says the New York *Times* of Wednesday week:

Representative Hale is not a day or an hour too early with his resolutions in favor of retrenchment, for in all the nation's history there is no parallel to the prodigality which *distinguishes* the present Congress. Our Representatives forget or ignore the great fact that we have a war debt of *three thousand millions of dollars*, and that war claims will add at least another *thousand millions*. Our enormous revenue, instead of being husbanded for its legitimate use, is scattered right and left, in lavish and improvident, if not profligate appropriations. This waste of treasure drawn from the people to pay the national debt, cannot and must not be tolerated. Taxation, in all the forms that Congressional ingenuity can invent, is upon us. *These taxes are to be aggravated by the present Congress.* The people have paid cheerfully, and will continue to pay until evidence of the Congressional improvidence and abuse comes home to them. Then look out for Congressional "empty saddles."

Any person who has paid attention to the proceedings of this Congress will perceive the justice of the *Times'* remarks.—The Radicals who are "running the machine" seem to anticipate the speedy downfall of their power, and to be looking around for objects upon which to squander the public treasure. Their design is to strip the country of its available resources and *beggar the treasury*; so that a crash may occur soon after they are driven from power. This crash, thus produced by their own reckless extravagance, they would then charge upon their successors in office.

☞The Louisville *Journal* says that no doubt the Radical members of Congress would like to remain at Washington to annoy and embarrass and obstruct the President, but they will not consent to do even that to the detriment of their dear pockets. The pocket is the most sensitive part of their physical systems. It is their nervous centre.

☞The Boston *Journal* says the hay crop, an important matter for New England, promises to be good and the yield of fruit will be millions of dollars in advance of last year.

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of *fresh goods from the Eastern cities.* His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, *Hair and Tooth Brushes*, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, *Ivory Combs*, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Notions & Confections.

A WORD TO THE PEOPLE OF TOWN AND COUNTRY.

THE subscriber keeps a Notion and Confectionary Store on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Railroad Station, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand, CANDIES, *NUTS, Figs, Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, &c.*, Tobaccos and Segars of all kinds; Pocket-Books, *Suspenders, Neck Ties, Collars, &c.*; Soaps and Perfumeries; also some GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffees, Rice, with the different kinds of Crackers. Ice-cold MEAD at all times. He invites custom from town and country, and sells at small profits.

LEWIS STROUSE.

Aug. 7, 1865. 1y

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP

are now building a variety of

COACH WORK

of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.

Mar. 19, 1863.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa. where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 3, 1860.

CALL and see the most beautiful assortment of new JEWELRY, such as Breast-pins, Ear Drops,
Finger Rings, Lockets, Chains, &c.,
at J. BEVAN'S,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has paid *over one hundred and forty thousand dollars* to holders of its policies, including $37,50) to twenty-eight policy-holders, for $512 in premiums.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get pure Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received. A prime article and for sale cheap by SPRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

GRANT'S Store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP.

PRICES REDUCED to suit the times at the Excelsior Skylight Gallery.

I. G. TYSON.

The Great Discovery

OF THE AGE.—Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIXTURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheumatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, introduced to the public. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists and storekeepers. Prepared only by H. L. MILLER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Essences and Tinctures, Window Glass, *Perfumery*, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

☞A. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for "H. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,
BOOK BINDER,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Proth'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

Schick Still Ahead!

NEW SPRING GOODS!
REDUCTION IN PRICES!
J. L. SCHICK

would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his store a splendid

STOCK OF SPRING GOODS.

The stock consists in part of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, of every description.

SILKS, MOZAMBIQUE, CHALLIES, DELAINES, BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS,
LAWNS, CALICOES,

of all qualities and choicest styles, which will be sold at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of RIBBONS, Laces and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols. My stock of WHITE GOODS will be found full and complete, and customers may rely upon always getting good goods at the lowest possible prices.

Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,

of all qualities and choicest styles.

April 10, 1866. J. L. SCHICK.

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS

SHOE FINDINGS.
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,
Keeper of the Cemetery.

March 12, '60.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,
WASHINGTON BUILDING,
165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to *any part of the country.*

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, *embracing every article of* Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the

BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS,

at his shop, lately Philip Dœrsom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street,

GETTYSBURG,

where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED,
AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK,

which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and more—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Housings,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Wagon Saddles,	" " (ticking)
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	No Seam Collars,
Martingals,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Heavy Draft Harness,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Blind Bridles,	Plaited Team Whips,
Girths,	Trotting Whips,
Crappers,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets,
	&c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of *Heavy Draft and Harness Collars* for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person having business in the forwarding line are respectfully invited to call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 7, 1865.

Great Reduction of Prices

AT THE

CHEAP GROCERY!

CORNER OF DIAMOND AND CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

JOHN M. SWAN,

Having just returned from the city, respectfully informs his customers, and the public, that he has succeeded in forming a connection with one of the first Importing Houses in the city of Baltimore, by which he is enabled to offer Groceries at a lower figure than they can be purchased elsewhere in the county.—If you would save money, call at the Cheap Grocery, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg street. He sells exclusively for Cash, and is determined to be ahead of all others in selling cheap. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN M. SWAN.

Barron's Safety Lamps,

AND

LIG-RO-INE (Red) FLUID.

PATENTED.

THIS Lamp apparently burns *without anything to feed it.* It has, however, a material which absorbs the liquid and gives it to the flame, partly from the wick, and partly in the form of gas, but so as to produce perfect combustion, and is very economical and safe.

It is used without a chimney, and perfectly trimmed, does not smoke or smell; it is therefore especially adapted to the purposes of a "man about," night, nurse, shop or hotel lamp, or lantern. The cost of broken chimneys, alone, will more than pay the cost of this lamp. Every family needs one or more.

"It is just what I have been long looking for," *writes a model house-keeper.*

"I should hardly know how to do without it," writes another.

"A perfect contrivance," writes a third.

"Let those who are skeptical try it," writes a fourth.

For sale by JOHN M. SWAN,
Cor. of Diamond and Chambersburg st.

☞The Lig-ro-ine Fluid also for sale at the same place. [Mar. 12, 1866.

Accidents!

THE ORIGINAL

TRAVELLERS INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
Cash Assets, Dec. 1, $383,338.12,
INSURES AGAINST

ACCIDENTS FROM RUNAWAY HORSES, ACCIDENTS FROM SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS ASSAULTS BY BURGLARS AND ROBBERS SPRAINED ANKLES AND BROKEN LIMBS EXPLOSIONS, COLLISIONS, BURNING & DROWNING.

Accidents of All Kinds.

☞Policies of any amount from $500 to $10,000 in case of fatal accident, or $3 to $50 weekly compensation in case of disabling bodily injury, and from one month to five years time, *at small premiums.*

Oldest and Best Accident Ins. Co. Extant.

J. G. BATTERSON, Pres't.
RODNEY DENNIS, Sec'y.

☞H. A PICKING, Agent, Gettysburg.

April 9, 1866. 3m

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

O. H. BUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,
Feb. 12, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the original TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It is the oldest, largest, and safest accident insurance company in the country.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL.

If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; PLOUGHS, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

BELL'S
Concentra'd Flavoring Extracts!

EQUAL to any in the market and superior to many, in larger bottles, and at old prices.

Wholesale agents for Baltimore,

BURROUGH BROS.,
Wholesale Druggists.

LIST.—Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Peach, Nutmeg, Celery, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Birch, Cinnamon, Apple, Mulberry, Pine Apple, Banana, Mace, Raspberry, Pear, Pepper, Parsley, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, and Savory spices.

The great difficulty heretofore experienced in procuring true Flavoring Extracts, has induced the proprietor to spare no pains or expense in giving to the public an article which will be found true to its name, and which will in no instance be a source of disappointment.

It will be observed that *our extract of Lemon* and Orange is a prepared extract from the Peel, which any one may be convinced of by merely smelling them.

The price of Vanilla Beans, too, has caused more useless Extract of Vanilla to be manufactured and sold than any other essence; being either made from Tonka Beans, or some other fictitious compound. In our Extract we WILL GUARANTEE A PURE ARTICLE! made from the true Bean, without any foreign substance whatever.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginus Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white liniment of the consistency of cream, containing *nothing offensive*, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alterative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS!
FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, *as it contains no ingredients* which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells coagulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler, Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. 1y

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in this place. Call and examine for yourselves.

Jan. 16. 1865.

THE GREAT REDUCTION in prices at the EXCELSIOR, in York street, opposite the Bank, places the superior Pictures made at that old establishment within reach of all, and I trust no one will fail to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded. I. G. TYSON.

The Greatest Family
Medicine in the World,
FOR
SORE THROAT,
OR
DIPTHERIA.

The attention of the public, and especially the sufferers from that dreadful disease, Diptheria or Sore Throat, is called to the great remedy known as

Stonebraker's
BALSAM, OR
PAIN KILLER,

As a sure cure for Sore Throat or Diptheria, Croup, Bronchitis, Scarlet Fever, &c., and all other diseases of the throat, and also an infallible remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Sick Headache, Sudden Colds and Coughs, Neuralgia, Phthisic, Old Sores, &c. It is also invaluable for Bruises, Frosted Feet, Swelled Joints, Bites of Poisonous Insects, &c., and a prompt and sure remedy for Cramp Cholic and all Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

This medicine has been tried in thousands of cases in different parts of the country, and has never failed to cure if used in time, and according to directions. A great amount of suffering might often be saved by having a couple of bottles of this valuable medicine in the house. As an evidence of its great qualities the proprietor warrants every bottle to give entire satisfaction.

Try it and be convinced of its great value.

READ FURTHER.

STONEBRAKER'S
GREAT COUGH REMEDY,
VEGETABLE
COUGH SYRUP

For the Rapid Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Spitting of Blood, First Stages of Consumption, Soreness of the Throat, and all *Affections* of the Pulmonary Organs.

This Syrup is an invaluable remedy for the alleviation and cure of Pulmonary Diseases. It is prompt in its action, pleasant to the taste, and from its extreme mildness is peculiarly applicable to the use of children and persons in delicate health. As an anodyne expectorant, it will always be found to be beneficial, by alleviating and arresting the several spells of coughing so distressing to the patient.

The afflicted can rely upon its doing of much, or more than any other remedy in soothing the nerves, facilitating expectoration, and healing the Diseased Lungs, thus striking at the root of all diseases and eradicating it from the system.

All I ask is a trial of this preparation, as it has no equal in its effects, and never fails to give entire satisfaction to all who use it. We warrant it in all cases or the money refunded.

Try it—only 25 and 50 Cents a Bottle.

READ ONE! READ ALL!
A GREAT DISCOVERY
MADE IN
Stonebraker's
DYSPEPSIA BITTERS
AND
LIVER INVIGORATOR.

Will Cure All *Cases of*

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

And Diseases Originating from a

DISEASED LIVER and STOMACH

By the use of from one to three bottles the most obstinate cases of

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Dropsy, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Jaundice, Cholera Morbus, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Nervous Affection and General Debility, caused by exposure, imprudence, or otherwise, Diseases of the Skin, such as Ulcers, Scrofula, Dull Pain in the Head, Yellowness of the Skin, Dimness of Vision, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits,

ARE ALL SPEEDILY CURED.

This being an entire vegetable compound is warranted a safe and effectual remedy not only for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, but for all other diseases arising from a disorganized or a diseased stomach, or impurity of blood.

As a blood purifier and tonic or general appetizer, these bitters have no equal, and should be used in every family, as disease cannot exist where they are used. They are also warranted a perfect safeguard against Fever and Ague. Ladies desiring a clear complexion and good health should not fail to use them. They are particularly recommended to those who are suffering under Debility and Depression of Spirits, their soothing and renovating powers being particularly adapted to all such cases.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

☞For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg, and Country Dealers generally.

May 7, 1866. 6m

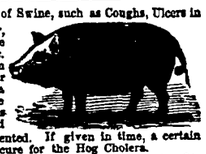
FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.



Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY

S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,

No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Laughlin & Bushfield, Wheeling, Va; C. C. Bender & Co., Pittsburg; Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia.

Dec. 11, 1865. 1y

Chewing Tobaccos!

WELSH, DELLONE & CO., at Hanover Pa., continue the manufacture of the different kinds of CHEWING TOBACCOS, on a large scale. Their facilities for manufacturing are ample, and with the choicest Leaf, and best and most experienced workmen, they cannot fail to turn out Tobaccos of the most desirable and popular grades.

Orders from a distance solicited, and promptly attended to. The merchants of Adams county cannot do better than by buying from Welsh, Dellone & Co., at Hanover

April 23, 1866.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. Its premiums are low, and it *pays losses promptly.*

PURE CIDER VINEGAR at Swan's Grocery on the corner of the Diamond.

April 30, 1866.

ANOTHER GREAT CURE

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

Of a highly respectable citizen, well known to the Mercantile community, by

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,

THE GREAT LUNG DOCTOR OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office N. Y. and Galena Lead Co.,
No. 28 Nassau St., N. Y., June 1, '65.

Dr. J. H. Schenck—Dear Sir:—For over fifteen years I have been troubled with a severe cough, and usually two or three times a year with more or less hemorrhage, which together, for the last few years, has kept me thin in flesh and too weak to do business of any kind without suffering. In August last I had a very severe hemorrhage, and, according to the judgment of a good New York physician, I was classed as beyond the reach of medicine, and was advised to be prepared, so far as property matters were concerned, to leave this world at short notice. The physician (and my good friends) said that the first cold I took must prove fatal. Early in January I took a severe cold, and fortunately was occupying rooms at No. 32 BOND STREET, directly over your office. I think about the 16th of January I procured a bottle of your Pulmonic Syrup and commenced taking it freely. My feet and limbs were very much swollen, and all the symptoms of a speedy death seemed to accompany my cold. I sent for my former physician, and stated to him that I was taking your medicines, and after showing them to him, and having tasted of them, &c., he replied: "You can take them if you like, they will do you no harm." He said: "You know what I told you last summer, and I say the same now, if you have any business to close up, do not put it off." He said to other friends that he "could see no hope for me," and my friends and relations concluded my time had come. At this time I was taking freely of your medicine, but had not seen you. The doctor called a few times, and found me (much to his surprise, he said,) improving, and he could not understand why. My faith was increasing in your medicines, and I had a wish to have you examine my case, and see what you had to say. When you first came to my room and made the examination, you gave me but little encouragement, but on the contrary, expressed sad doubts of my ever being helped out of my then seeming difficulties. The second time that you called, finding me still gaining, you gave me encouragement, saying, "my symptoms were improving; the Pulmonic Syrup, Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills had acted like a charm." *My circulation, my cough, my appetite*, all began to improve, and I could walk about my room a little. You visited me nearly every Tuesday, and found me improving, and told me not to go out of my room until the first day of May. I took no cold while under your treatment, my appetite became first-rate, and you told me to eat everything I wished of a nutritious nature, and to exercise about the room as much as possible. I followed your advice, and to the surprise of my old physician and friends, I seem much better than I have been for several years, and breathe better than I ever expected a person could with one lung, the left being completely dried up. I feel very grateful to you, and consider your advice and medicines invaluable.

Yours, truly, T. S. SHELDON.

Dr. Schenck—Dear Sir:—About two years ago I was taken with a very troublesome cough and a pain in my breast; seven or eight months passed away without my doing anything for myself. Then I applied to a physician, who attended me for about three months without rendering me any service. I also obtained the advice and treatment of a physician in one of our hospitals, and also had the advice and treatment of two other physicians, but all to no purpose. During this long space of time I was nearly dead; several times my friends came to see me and witness my exit into the spirit-world. *I was confined to my bed two months at one time.* My breathing was exceedingly short. I gave up several times all hope of getting better; and as regarded getting well, that was entirely out of the question.—And to think this day I am well and hearty!—I was advised by some of my friends to try Dr. Schenck's Medicines. I accordingly bought bottle after bottle, until I reached the ninth; then I found a decided change in my cough for the better. I suffered severely from palpitation of the heart, and two weeks after I commenced taking your medicine this difficulty ceased.

When I first went to Dr. Schenck's office it was with difficulty that I could get up into his reception room, I was so weak and so swelled; my skin was as sallow as though I had the jaundice; I felt dull, heavy and sleepless. Dr. Schenck, after examining me, said both my lungs were affected, and gave me but little hope; but his medicines, in about two weeks, took right hold of me; it seemed to go right through my whole system. The Pulmonic Syrup, Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, all took right hold in the right place. The Pills brought away great quantities of bile and slime; the Syrup loosened the matter in my lungs, which came off very free; the Sea-Weed Tonic gave me an appetite, and everything seemed to taste good.

To show what great power the medicines have in purifying my system, *and to show how* bad I was diseased, beside all the bile that passed my bowels, *and the great quantities of* phlegm and matter I expectorated, I broke out all over in large boils, that would continue to gather and run for about six weeks, and I had at one time over twenty five boils. I have nothing of the kind now, and feel like another person altogether. I can safely say that I have not enjoyed such health for five years as I do now, and cannot praise you and your medicines enough. May God abundantly bless and preserve you, is the sincere desire of one who has been so wonderfully relieved through your agency; and if any one desires to know with regard to the truthfulness of this report, if they will call upon any of my